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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/803,619	03/18/2004	Jordi Albornoz	ROC920030418US1	5888
7590 05/30/2007 William J. McGinnis, Jr. IBM Corporation, Dept. 917			EXAMINER	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/803,619	ALBORNOZ ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
•	Quan Nguyen	2174			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status		<b>\</b> .			
<ul> <li>1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 March 2004.</li> <li>2a) This action is FINAL.</li> <li>2b) This action is non-final.</li> <li>3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.</li> </ul>					
Disposition of Claims					
4)  Claim(s) 1-30 is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.  5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6)  Claim(s) 1-30 is/are rejected.  7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers					
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 18 March 2004 is/are: a) ☑ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>					
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date See Continuation Sheet.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate			

Continuation of Attachment(s) 3). Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08), Paper No(s)/Mail Date :2004 March 18, 2006 February 24.

### **DETAILED ACTION**

- 1. This Office Action is in response to application filed 03/18/2004.
- 2. Claims 1-30 are pending.

## Claim Objections

3. Claim 28 is objected to because of the following informalities: the term "more" should be inserted on line 9 of claim 28 (page 6). Appropriate correction is required.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

4. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 1-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

Claims 1-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. The language of the claims raise a question as to whether the claim is directed merely to an abstract idea that is not tied to a technological environment or machine which would result in a practical application producing a concrete, useful and tangible result to form the basis of statutory subject matter under 35 U.S.C. 101. These claims require the addition of tangible hardware elements to provide tangible results.

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

6. Claims 1-15 and 17-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Rivette et al. U.S. Patent Number 6,877,137 (hereinafter Rivette).

As per claim 1, Rivette discloses of exchanging information between entities on a network by establishing a client/server network architecture of sending communication objects between two peers (Rivette column 14 lines 42-67 and column 15 lines 1-4). In particular, "identifying a plurality of data elements capable of being instantiated by a plurality of applications on the network and to which global annotations may be anchored" by identifying data objects to which annotations can be attached and all data objects being able to be processed by a multitude of applications (Rivette column 7 lines 45-67 and column 8 lines 1-7); "providing one or more interfaces for creating global annotations anchored to a selected one or more of the identified data elements" by having an interface for creating annotations (Rivette column 11 lines 56-65); "providing one or more interfaces for viewing, from one or more applications, the global annotations" by having an interface for viewing annotations (Rivette column 11 lines 56-65).

As per claim 2, the rejections of claim 1 are incorporated and Rivette further discloses "at least one application for creating graphical user interfaces" by implementing a user interface with any user interface tools, approaches, techniques, and/or applications (Rivette column 26 lines 3-8).

As per claim 3, the rejections of claim 1 are incorporated and Rivette further discloses "a first one of the interfaces for creating global annotations is accessible from a first application capable of instantiating identified data elements in a first type of document" by creating an annotation by highlighting and selecting a portion of the document to annotate using one application (Rivette column 32, section labeled 6.2 Create a Note/Sub-note (From the File Menu), lines 21-67 and continuing to column 33 lines 1-67 and continuing further to column 34 lines 1-31); "a first one of the interfaces for viewing the global annotations is accessible from a second application capable of instantiating identified data elements in a second type of document different than the first type of document" by viewing an annotation by selecting a linking button in a web page with another application (Rivette column 35 lines 37-67 and continuing to column 36 lines 1-31).

As per claim 4, the rejections of claim 3 are incorporated and Rivette further discloses "at least one of the first and second applications comprise a data analysis application" by having a functionality of processing the data object with spreadsheet applications (Rivette column 8 lines 1-7).

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As per claim 5, the rejections of claim 3 are incorporated and Rivette further discloses "at least one of the first and second applications comprise a text editor" by having a functionality of processing the data object with word processing applications (Rivette column 8 lines 1-7).

As per claim 6, the rejections of claim 1 are incorporated and Rivette further discloses "adding entries to a registry for each of the identified data element" by placing a data object into a notes database (Rivette column 29 lines 25-33 and lines 53-57).

As per claim 7, the rejection of claim 6 is incorporated and Rivette further discloses "parsing data loaded by the second application into discrete data elements" by parsing data objects into note repository object, note object, sub-note object, content object and anchor object (Rivette column 29 lines 25-33); "searching the registry for entries corresponding to the discrete data elements" by supporting search functionality for user supplied search criteria (Rivette column 29 lines 6-9).

As per claim 8, the rejection of claim 1 is incorporated and Rivette further discloses "selecting an annotation structure associated with a selected annotatable data element" by having a structure where a new note object in the database is added to a note repository object by a note engine (Rivette column 35 lines 2-9); "generating a graphical user interface based on the selected annotation structure" by displaying a user interface along with the new note created (Rivette column 35 lines 13-16).

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As per claim 9, the rejection of claim 1 is incorporated and Rivette further discloses "allowing a user to view details regarding the context in which a global annotation was created" by having a properties menu accessible in the view menu where details of the note can be accessed (Rivette column 39 lines 5-8).

As per claim 10, the rejection of claim 9 is incorporated and Rivette further discloses "providing a link to a document containing a data element to which the global annotation is anchored" by having links between the annotation and the document to which it is anchored (Rivette column 18 lines 28-33).

As per claim 11, the rejection of claim 1 is incorporated and Rivette further discloses "identifying categories of data elements to which global annotations may be anchored" by allowing a user to categorize all data with which annotations are instantiated (Rivette column 11 lines 56-65).

As per claim 12, Rivette discloses of creating global annotations by "loading a first set of data with a first application" through storing information that has been identified through a document into a database (Rivette column 33 lines 41-42); "identifying one or more data elements contained in the first set of data to which global annotations can be anchored" by storing the data object from a selected portion of the document (Rivette column 33 lines 49-51); "providing an interface allowing a user to create a global annotation for a selected one of the

identified data elements" by having a user interface that allows for linking the data to a portion of the document (Rivette column 33 lines 20-30); "storing a global annotation created via the interface in an annotation store, wherein the global annotation is anchored to the selected data element" by storing all the data object in the note information database (Rivette column 33 lines 60-64).

As per claim 13, the rejection of claim 12 incorporated and Rivette further discloses "providing an interface allowing a user to view the global annotation from within a second application loading a second set of data containing the selected data element for which the global annotation was created" by allowing a user to view an annotation from another web application (Rivette column 18 lines 34-42).

As per claim 14, the rejection of claim 12 incorporated and Rivette further discloses "the global annotation is anchored to the selected data element via association with a global identifier generated for the selected data object" by a note engine identifying an application with which the annotation is associated with (Rivette column 33 lines 44-46).

As per claim 15, the rejection of claim 12 is incorporated and claim 15 contains the same limitations as claim 7 and is rejected under the same rationale as set forth in connection with claim 7.

As per claim 17, the rejection of claim 12 is incorporated and Rivette further discloses "highlighting, in the loaded data, the identified data elements to which global annotations can be anchored" by highlighting portions of the document to select which portions need to be annotated (Rivette column 12 lines 14-16).

As per claim 18, the rejection of claim 17 is incorporated and Rivette further discloses "the identified data elements comprise data elements from different categories" by having the data stored in the object to be in any format or combination of formats (Rivette column 16 lines 27-30); "the highlighting comprises highlighting data elements from different categories with different colors" by allowing the user to choose what colors belong to what categories (Rivette column 11 lines 14-16).

As per claim 19, the rejection of claim 12 is incorporated and claim 19 contains the same limitations as claim 9 and is rejected under the same rationale as set forth in connection with claim 9.

As per claim 20, the rejection of claim 19 is incorporated and Rivette further discloses "an indication of the loaded data containing the selected data element to which the global annotation is anchored" by having an option to display the sub-notes page showing all the sub-notes that have been created (Rivette column 22 lines 41-51).

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As per claim 21, the rejection of claim 19 is incorporated and Rivette further discloses "a link to a document containing the selected data element to which the global annotation is anchored" by supplying the link to the page that the sub-note is linked to (Rivette column 22 lines 50-51).

As per claim 22, claim 22 contains the same limitations as claims 1, 12, and 20 and is rejected under the same rationale as set forth in connection with claims 1, 12, and 20.

As per claim 23, the rejection of claim 22 is incorporated and Rivette further discloses "providing an indication of the identified data elements comprises displaying an icon proximate the identified data elements" by having a linking button next to the sub-note in the page (Rivette column 23 lines 27-34); "the interface is accessible by selecting the icon" by clicking the linking button which brings up the sub-note text interface (Rivette column 23 lines 52-57).

As per claim 24, the rejection of claim 22 is incorporated and Rivette further discloses "at least one of the global annotations was previously created from a second application loading a second set of data containing a data element to which the at least one global annotation is anchored" by determining if a note has already been highlighted and to deactivate the note if a command was issued to highlight another note (Rivette column 32 lines 21-31).

As per claim 25, Rivette discloses "identifying data elements capable of being manipulated by a plurality of applications on the network and to which global annotations may

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be anchored" by having sub-notes associated with multiple applications (Rivette 19-28); "providing one or more graphical user interfaces for creating global annotations anchored to a selected one or more of the identified data elements from at least a first one of the applications" which contains the same limitations as claim 1 and is rejected under the same rationale as set forth in connection with claim 1; "providing one or more graphical user interfaces for viewing, from at least a second application, global annotations created from the first application" which contains the same limitations as claim 1 and is rejected under the same rationale as set forth in connection with claim 1.

As per claim 26, the rejection of claim 25 is incorporated and claim 26 contains the same limitations as claim 6 and is rejected under the same rationale as set forth in connection with claim 6.

As per claim 27, the rejection of claim 25 is incorporated and claim 27 contains the same limitations as claim 8 and is rejected under the same rationale as set forth in connection with claim 8.

As per claim 28, Rivette discloses "an annotation database for storing the global annotations" which contains the same limitations as claim 12 and is rejected under the same rationale as set forth in connection with claim 12; "one or more applications capable of loading data containing one or more data elements to which one or more global annotations are anchored" by allowing data objects contained in documents to be associated with multiple

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applications (Rivette column 19 lines 21-22); "a set of plug-in components, each for interfacing between one or more of the applications and an annotation server" by having interaction between applications and the applications being used as plug-ins (Rivette column 12 lines 17-21 and lines 39-42); "an annotation server configured to receive, via the plug-in components, requests from the applications to access global annotations anchored to one or data elements instantiated by the applications" by allowing communication between client and server for processing annotations (Rivette column 15 lines 58-67 and column 16 lines 1 –10).

As per claim 29, the rejection of claim 28 is incorporated and claim 29 contains the same limitations as claim 6 and is rejected under the same rationale as set forth in connection with claim 6.

As per claim 30, the rejection of claim 28 is incorporated and claim 30 contains the same limitations as claim 13 and is rejected under the same rationale as set forth in connection with claim 13.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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Claim 16 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rivette et al. U.S. 8. Patent Number 6,877,137 (hereinafter Rivette) and further in view of Bargeron et al. U.S. Patent Application Publication Number US 2004/0205542 A1 (hereinafter Bargeron).

As per claim 16, the rejection of claim 15 is incorporated but Rivette does not disclose, "applying a hashing function to portions of the loaded data". However, Bargeron teaches "applying a hashing function to portions of the loaded data" by taking hash values near a user initiated mark and hashing each paragraph near the mark (Bargeron page 12 [0105] lines 15-16, and 20-22).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the hashing function of Bargeron with the annotation system of Rivette. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do so because having a hashing function would allow for implicit region identification (Bargeron page 12 [105] lines 5-7).

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ouan Nguyen whose telephone number is 571-270-1406. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30-5 Mon-Fri.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kristine Kincaid can be reached on 571-272-4063. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100

Quan Nguyen
Patent Examiner

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